

Agenda for Today



Project Updates & Engagement Summary



Preliminary Policy Recommendations



Next Steps

Tonight's Requested Direction from Transportation Commission

No direction needed – discussion only.





Curb Management Plan Schedule





Engagement Summary/Outcome



Concluded 6 focus group in March: Mobility Services, Local Businesses, Regional Employers, Residents, Advocates, and Development.

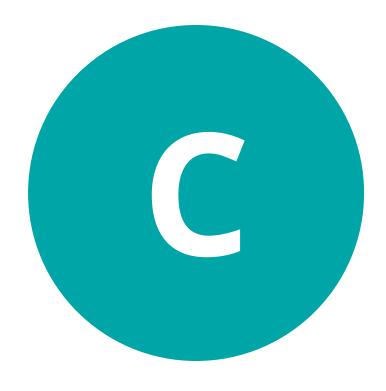


Held on Tuesday, March 29. 65 attendance in the morning public session and 30 attendance in the afternoon practitioner workshop session.



Closed on April 15th. 196 responses received.

Curb Summit



THEME 1: FLEXIBILITY AND RESILIENCE

The curb should...

- Flexibly allocate curb space to different uses based on need (which varies by time and location)
- Accommodate a variety of uses (people, vehicles, and services), both today and in the future
- Be supported by information (digital, real-time, physical/on-street) to streamline use and adapt to changes
- Use physical design as one of the tools for communicating intended or permitted uses

- Reliability and consistency within flexibility
- Future changes to curb use as the City grows and transportation options change
- Opportunities to leverage design as a tool to help manage curb use and "defend" against factors beyond City control
- Tools for measuring and monitoring curb use, supply, and demand, now and in the future
- Digital and analog tools and treatments
- Role of the curb as "connective tissue" that improves flexibility and creates connections between activity nodes, especially within the "superblock" grid downtown
- Enforcement implications for flexible curb use and mgmt.



THEME 2: DIGITAL CURB

The curb should...

- Be supported with user-facing digital tools that track and communicate about parking availability
- Leverage digital tools to streamline enforcement
- Prioritize equity in the design and implementation of digital curb strategies
- Be supported by a strategy for collecting and sharing data that is actionable for decision-makers and users
- Leverage digital tools to measure and evaluate curb performance against established goals
- Include a digital marketplace for curb uses that includes both public and private facilities

- Privately owned vs. publicly owned right of way, loading areas, parking facilities, and other curb assets
- Privacy and security
- Transparency
- Alignment of digital and physical curb elements
- Potential for underlying biases in coding, algorithms, and other digital curb management tools
- Need for (and demand for) human redundancy in publicfacing digital tools and services



THEME 3: CURB EFFICIENCY AND PRIORITIZATION OF USES

The curb should...

- Be supported with consistent and equitable pricing
- Include clearly stated goals to evaluate performance, direct revenues, and prioritize uses
- Leverage data to adapt to different needs and levels of demand by time of day to improve efficiency and meet the needs of more users within the same curb space
- Be managed through a nimble, streamlined City decision-making and management framework

- "Temporary" vs. "permanent" tools
- Balance between over- and under-management/regulation (clarity and efficiency vs. flexibility)
- The role of incentives (in addition to pricing)
- Spillover demand (parking as well as other uses)
- Role of public vs. private or off-street assets to meet needs of different uses and users
- Role of public vs. private entities to help manage curb



THEME 4: CURB EXPERIENCE

The curb should...

- Be **context-sensitive** in design and management
- Include **placemaking elements** (including landscaping elements, lighting, and artwork) which are also **functional** and thoughtfully implemented to support adjacent uses
- Address the experience of all modal users
- Be supported with clear, legible signage, wayfinding, and information that works and is accessible for all users (language, color, digital literacy)
- Provide consistency and predictability for users
- Be supported by a user-friendly approach for communicating permissible uses, securing a permits, and providing access

- Adaptability and dynamic curb use vs. confusion/consistency for users
- Seasonality and special events
- Futureproofing design and experience (infrastructure, power, IT connectivity)
- Holistic curb experience vs. individual parts/blocks



Focus Groups



Operation needs

Mobility Providers

- Accessible features (landing pads, ramps) needed for transit bus riders boarding/alighting
- Bus layover spaces at the curb
- Short time-limited parking for passenger and delivery loading
- **.** Vehicle queuing for taxi and ridehailing services
- Designated parking and charging for shared micromobility devices

Local Businesses

- Designated ridehailing passenger pickup/drop-off zone
- Walkable connections across districts and neighborhood for residents and customers
- Events and programming, like art performances, to add vitality

Regional Employers

- Designated shuttle pickup/drop-off zone for large employer shuttles
- Prompt city announcements about street and sidewalk closure for employees
- Clear path to "renting" curb space via a fee or permit for shuttle service and queueing for employees

Residents

- Separate/designated bike lanes
- Easy and available parking spaces
- Walkable sidewalk space (unobstructed from construction)
- Organized uses at the curb to prevent traffic congestion

Transportation Advocates

- Separated/designated bike lanes to connect better to stations
- Consistent and standardized permitting and pricing structure for all curb uses
- Extended bus platforms that interact well with bike lanes

Developers

- Safe pedestrian access and use of sidewalk during construction phase
- Streamlined approval process for property managers
- Active enforcement for vehicles parking in the travel lane for passenger and delivery loading



Success means...

- Mobility Providers
 - 。 No impediments to boarding/alighting the bus
 - Lower single-occupancy vehicle dependency
 - Seamless passenger and goods loading
 - Safe interactions between biking and buses
- Local Businesses
 - More people walking on the sidewalk
 - Welcoming and vibrant public space (sidewalk space)
 - 。 Accessible (ramps, unobstructed) curb and sidewalk space
- Regional Employers
 - Consistent signage and enforcement for designated curb use
 - Multiple curb uses designated at different times of the day
 - Shared employer shuttle and transit stop location

Residents

- . No excessive delays or wait times at the curb
- Safety and clarity for what is or is not allowed
- Transportation Advocates
 - Vision Zero safety programs
 - Well-maintained bus stops with shelters
 - Comprehension that curb is for public use

Developers

- Embracing and managing future innovations like autonomous vehicles
- Ability to change use appropriately
- A "playbook" clearly showing how to apply and find permits



Future Opportunities

- Mobility Providers
 - More partnerships
 - Repurposing traditional on-street vehicle parking
 - More regional grant opportunities for multimodal facilities (bike lanes, sidewalks, enhanced bus stops)
 - 。 **Electrification**
 - District parking model that consolidates on-site and off-site parking inventory
- Local Businesses
 - More programming and events on the sidewalks
 - More street level mixed use that need mixed use curb
- Regional Employers
 - More employee growth management from the city
 - More multi-tenant offices that have varying and aggregated curb use
 - More mode shift from driving alone to transit, biking, and walking
 - More first-last-mile connections

Residents

- More population growth management from the city
- Increased retail/commercial opportunities outside of Downtown core
- More parking garages
- . More electric vehicle charging stations
- More services and activities like nightlife, walkable streets, and other activities accommodated by densified downtown core
- Transportation Advocates
 - More accessible transportation options for people with disabilities
 - Lesser focus on vehicle parking
 - More bikeable and walkable streets
 - Prioritizing pedestrians using buses
- Developers
 - More street vibrancy from outdoor dining
 - More population growth management from the city
 - New technology that bring about shared real-time information
 - More long-term parking opportunities



Questionnaire

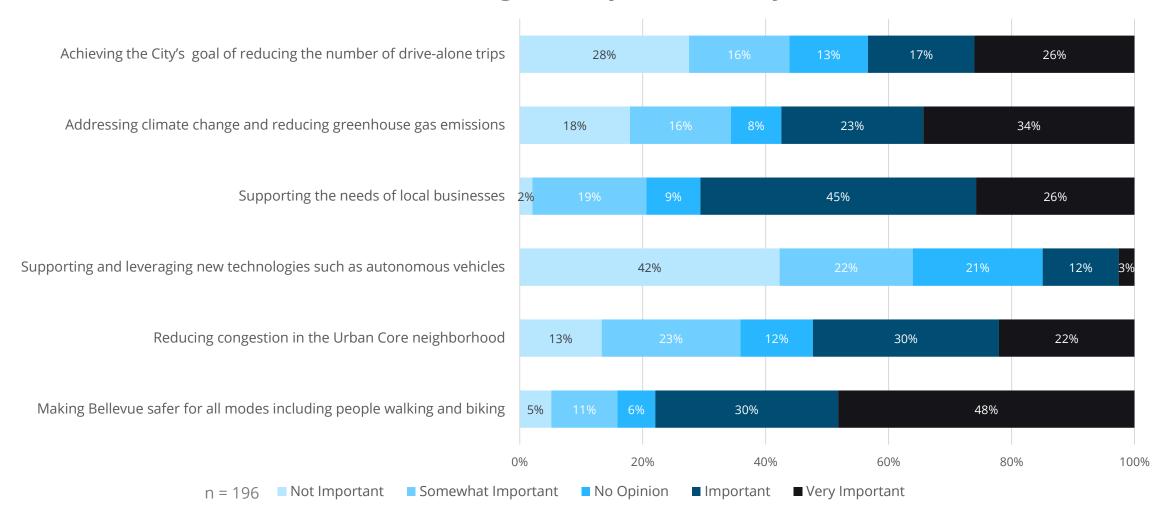


Questionnaire Results

- 196 responses
- Top challenge: Vehicles going too fast causing unsafe conditions
 - Other: difficulty finding parking, insufficient number of outside dining spaces
 - Acknowledgement of growth and need for adapting infrastructure
- Top opportunity: Wider sidewalks
 - Other: curb dining, seating, and greenery



Please share how important is each of the following curb management priorities to you







Policy in the Comprehensive Plan

- Growth Management Act (GMA) requires cities to adopt local comprehensive plans.
- Bellevue's Comprehensive Plan is the foundational policy document that articulates the vision for the future of the City and directs City actions, decisions, regulations, and capital investments.
- Once each year, jurisdictions may consider policy amendments.
- Planning Commission administers amendment process
 - Includes public hearing and transmitting recommendations to City Council

Review from 3/10 TC meeting: Potential policy concepts

- Added support for curb placemaking and activation functions, like curbside dining and parklets
- Added support for developing curbside mobility hubs
- Added support for curb management technologies and innovations
- Amended language that addresses new mobility functions, such as providing deliberate
 accommodation for rideshare services, freight providers, and micromobility services
- Added support for the creation of a dedicated curb management program

Recommended Policy Actions

Repeal
Existing Policies

S-DT-157.3

S-DT-157.4 S-DT-157.5

S-DT-157.7

Modify
Existing Policies

TR-128

TR-143

S-DT-157.1

S-DT-157.2

S-DT-157.6

Adopt
New Policies

7 New Recommended Policies



Comprehensive Plan Amendment Process



Recommended Repealed and Modified Policies



Policies -Repeal or Modify

Policy	Action	Existing Policy	Recommended Policy
S-DT-157.3	Repeal	Consider developing a proposal to implement a pay for on-street parking program	N/A
S-DT-157.4	Repeal	Integrate on-site loading space and/or create designated curbside loading space through development review	N/A
S-DT-157.5	Repeal	Integrate time-limited curbside space for passenger pick-up and drop-off through development review	N/A
S-DT-157.7	Repeal Allow restricted use of designated on-street parking spaces for electric vehicle charging stations		N/A
TR-128	Modify	Provide for curbside space to accommodate small-scale parcel delivery and loading through development review	Provide dynamic curbside space within public right-of-way to accommodate parcel delivery and passenger loading through curb operation changes and development review.
TR-143	Modify	Provide curbside spaces for electric vehicle charging stations where on-street parking is allowed	Consider adding electric vehicle charging stations in designated on-street parking areas through development review.
S-DT-157.1	Modify	Add new permanent on-street parking spaces in high-opportunity locations that meet engineering standards for traffic safety	Create curbside zones for on-street parking as designated in the Curb Management Plan.
S-DT-157.2	Modify	Explore adding temporary on-street parking spaces for use during off-peak hours	Add on-street parking spaces in travel lanes for use during off-peak hours
S-DT-157.6	Modify	Consider designating permanent or off-peak curbside vehicle queues in high-demand locations	Designate permanent or off-peak curbside queue areas for rideshare vehicles, taxis, and employer shuttles in strategic locations.



Recommendations: Repeal

Existing Policy

S	-DT-157.3	Consider developing a proposal to implement a pay for onstreet parking program	Policy applies to the Downtown Subarea Plan; would be replaced by policy New-2, which would apply to other areas outside of downtown (i.e. BelRed)
S	-DT-157.4	Integrate on-site loading space and/or create designated curbside loading space through development review	On-site loading space now required by Land Use Code; Existing policy language is redundant when compared to TR-128 in the Transportation Element
S	-DT-157.5	Integrate time-limited curbside space for passenger pick-up and drop-off through development review	Policy language is redundant when compared to the proposed modification to TR-128 in the Transportation Element
S	-DT-157.7	Allow restricted use of designated on-street parking spaces for electric vehicle charging stations	Policy language is redundant when compared to TR- 143 in the Transportation Element



POLICY TR-128 (Parcel delivery and loading zones)

Existing Policy:

Provide for curbside space to accommodate small-scale parcel delivery and loading through development review



Provide for dynamic curbside space within public right-of-way to accommodate small-scale parcel delivery and passenger loading through curb operation changes development review



New Policy Language Provide dynamic curbside space within public right-of-way to accommodate parcel delivery and passenger loading through curb operation changes and development review



POLICY TR-143 (EV Charging stations in on-street parking spaces)

Existing Policy:

Provide curbside spaces for electric vehicle charging stations where on-street parking is allowed



Provide curbside spaces for Consider adding electric vehicle charging stations where on-street parking is allowed in designated on-street parking areas through development review.



New Policy Language

Consider adding electric vehicle charging stations in designated on-street parking areas through development review.



POLICY S-DT-157.1 (New on-street parking spaces)

Existing Policy:

Add new permanent on-street parking spaces in high-opportunity locations that meet engineering standards for traffic safety



Add new permanent Create curbside zones for on-street parking spaces in highopportunity locations that meet engineering standards for traffic safety as designated in the Curb Management Plan



New Policy Language

Create curbside zones for on-street parking as designated in the Curb Management Plan



POLICY S-DT-157.2 (Parking in travel lanes during off-peak hours)

Existing Policy:

Explore adding temporary on-street parking spaces for use during off-peak hours



Proposed Edits:

Explore adding temporary Add on-street parking spaces in travel lanes for use during off-peak hours



New Policy Language

Add on-street parking spaces in travel lanes for use during off-peak hours



S-DT-157.6 (Rideshare, taxi, and employer shuttle queue areas)

Existing Policy:

Consider designating permanent or off-peak curbside vehicle queues in high-demand locations



Consider designating Designate permanent or off-peak curbside vehicle queues in high-demand queue areas for rideshare vehicles, taxis, and employer shuttles in strategic locations



New Policy Language Designate permanent or off-peak curbside queue areas for rideshare vehicles, taxis, and employer shuttles in strategic locations



Recommended New Policies



Policies - New

Policy	Action	Recommended Policy	Staff Comment
New-1	New	Designate curb uses, curb typologies, and modal priorities as outlined in the Curb Management Plan.	This policy will refer to one of the foundational elements within the Curb Management Plan. The curb typology will be a type of "curb zoning" that will advise certain uses and conditions at curb areas block-by-block. This policy will ensure that the Curb Typology is actionable long-term as the roadway network evolves in the urban core areas of Bellevue.
New-2	New	Implement a pricing-based curbside management program as recommended in the Curb Management Plan.	Effectively replaces S-DT-157.3 in order to implement a curb pricing program that isn't limited to downtown alone.
New-3	New	Identify and create regulated passenger loading zones for taxi and rideshare use, primarily within the Type 1 Performance Management Areas as defined in the Mobility Implementation Plan.	Growth Corridor targeted policy needed for better managing rideshare impacts to curbside environments
New-4	New	Promote the use of innovative curb technology solutions that enhance safety and efficiency of the curbside environment.	Add policy language that encourages & allows for curbside innovations to take place. Examples include curb usage monitoring technology, common carrier locker systems, etc.
New-5	New	Create attractive mobility hubs that allow for the easy transfer among public, private, and active travel modes.	Add policy language that encourages curb areas to act as mobility hubs
New-6	New	Create designated curbside zones to facilitate temporary curbside use for vendors, such as food trucks, in areas with high pedestrian activity.	Add policy language that encourages retail activities in the curbside (i.e. food trucks).
New-7	New	Create vibrant activated curbside zones, such as on-street dining areas, parklets, and other placemaking solutions in strategic locations.	Need to add policy support language that encourage curbside placemaking.



Curb uses, typologies, and modal priorities

Proposed Policy

Designate curb uses, curb typologies, and modal priorities as outlined in the Curb Management Plan.

- Curb typology will be a type of "curb zoning" that will advise certain uses and conditions at curb areas
- Proposed policy would ensure that the Curb Typology is actionable long-term as the roadway network evolves in the urban core areas of Bellevue



Pricing-based curbside management program

Proposed Policy

Implement a pricing-based curbside management program as recommended in the Curb Management Plan.

- Ensure that the supply and demand of curb uses can be balanced long term
- May include continued uses (i.e. shuttle permit fees) and new uses (i.e. pay-for on-street parking)
- Note: adoption of this policy will not directly result in a pricing-based curb management program. Rather, this policy supports the development of said program in the future



Passenger loading zones

Proposed Policy

Identify and create regulated passenger loading zones for taxi and rideshare use, primarily within the Type 1 Performance Management Areas as defined in the Mobility Implementation Plan.

Rationale

• Encourages better management practices to handle growing rideshare impacts to curbside environments



Curb technology solutions

Proposed Policy

Promote the use of innovative curb technology solutions that enhance safety and efficiency of the curbside environment.

- Encourages & allows for curbside innovations to take place long-term
- Examples may include curb usage monitoring technology, common carrier locker systems, UAS and sidewalk drone delivery systems, etc.



Mobility hubs

Proposed Policy

Create attractive mobility hubs that allow for the easy transfer among public, private, and active travel modes.

- Supports multimodal transportation options, especially at transit hubs in the urban core areas of Bellevue
- Provides support to foster micromobility options, first-last mile options from transit, traveler information, etc.



Temporary curbside zones for vendors

Proposed Policy

Create designated curbside zones to facilitate temporary curbside use for vendors, such as food trucks, in areas with high pedestrian activity.

- Encourage economic development and dynamic placemaking in strategic curbside locations
- Supports other Economic Development initiatives at the city



Activated placemaking curbside zones

Proposed Policy

Create vibrant activated curbside zones, such as on-street dining areas, parklets, and other placemaking solutions in strategic locations.

Rationale

• Encourage curbside placemaking, greenery, and uses within transportation right-of-way at strategic locations



Recommendations

Policy	Action	Existing Policy	Confirm (Y/N)
New-1	New	Designate curb uses, curb typologies, and modal priorities as outlined in the Curb Management Plan.	
New-2	New	Implement a pricing-based curbside management program as recommended in the Curb Management Plan.	
New-3	New	Identify and create regulated passenger loading zones for taxi and rideshare use, primarily within the Type 1 Performance Management Areas as defined in the Mobility Implementation Plan.	
New-4	New	Promote the use of innovative curb technology solutions that enhance safety and efficiency of the curbside environment.	
New-5	New	Create attractive mobility hubs that allow for the easy transfer among public, private, and active travel modes.	
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S-DT-157.2	Modify	Explore adding temporary on-street parking spaces for use during off-peak hours.	
S-DT-157.6	Modify	Consider designating permanent or off-peak curbside vehicle queues in high-demand locations.	
S-DT-157.3	Repeal	Consider developing a proposal to implement a pay for on-street parking program.	
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S-DT-157.5	Repeal	Integrate time-limited curbside space for passenger pick-up and drop-off through development review.	
S-DT-157.7	Repeal	Allow restricted use of designated on-street parking spaces for electric vehicle charging stations.	





Planned Upcoming TC Meetings

1. May 12, 2022

Discuss & refining curb policies

2. June 9, 2022

- Finalize curb policies
- ACTION: Transmit recommendations to Planning Commission

3. July 14, 2022

CMP Content: Discuss curb pricing programs & approaches

4. September 8, 2022

CMP Content: Discuss curb typology & prioritization

5. Q4, 2022

CMP Content: Continue discussion on curb typology, advance CMP content





